(Mark One)
(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED JUNE 30, 1996
OR
( ) TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from to $\qquad$

Commission file number 333-3346

RUSH ENTERPRISES, INC.
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Texas
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

74-1733016
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

8810 I.H. 10 East
San Antonio, Texas 78219
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
(210) 661-4511
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.


Indicated below is the number of shares outstanding of the registrant's only class of common stock, as of August 9, 1996.

| Title of Class | Number of Shares |
| :---: | :---: |
| Cle of Clas | Outstanding |
| Common Stock, \$.01 Par Value | 6,643,730 |

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## ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS:
Cash and cash equivalents
Accounts receivable, net
Inventories
Prepaid expenses and other

Total current assets
PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT, net

OTHER ASSETS, net

Total assets

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY
CURRENT LIABILITIES:
Current maturities of long-term debt
Advances outstanding under lines of credit
Trade accounts payable
Dividends payable
Accrued expenses

Total current liabilities

## DEFERRED INCOME TAXES

LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current maturities

SHAREHOLDERS' EOUITY:
Rush Enterprises, Inc., common stock, par value $\$ .01$ per share; 25,000,000 shares authorized; 3,750,000 and 6,625, 000 outstanding at December 31, 1995 and June 30, 1996, respectively.
Associated Acceptance, Inc., common stock, par value \$1.00 per share; 750,000 shares authorized; 451,000 shares outstanding at December 31, 1995 and June 30, 1996.
Additional paid-in capital
Retained earnings

Total shareholders' equity

Total liabilities and shareholders' equity
JUNE 30,
1996
(UNAUDITED)
$\$$

14,564
39,261
321

|  | 75,693 |  | 55,343 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 20,753 |  | 17,560 |
|  | 3,259 |  | 3,176 |
| \$ | 99,705 | \$ | 76,079 |

\$ 99,705

| \$ | 34,294 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 3,600 |
|  | 10 |
|  | 7,591 |
|  | 1,615 |
|  | 7,607 |
|  | 54,717 |
|  | - 0 - |
|  | 13,677 |

6,912

7,685

## DECEMBER 31,

1995
(AUDITED)

| \$ | 2,149 |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | 16,411 |
|  | 36,517 |
|  | 266 |
|  | 55,343 |
|  | 17,560 |
|  | 3,176 |
| \$ | 76,079 |

13, 677

6
729
\$

76,079

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.


|  | THREE MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  | SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1996 |  | 1995 |  | 1996 |  | 1995 |
| \$ | 63,190 | \$ | 47,955 | \$ | 121,323 | \$ | 95,471 |
|  | 16,174 |  | 13,720 |  | 31,951 |  | 26,070 |
|  | 3,468 |  | 2,358 |  | 6,636 |  | 4,568 |
|  | 1,389 |  | 913 |  | 2,875 |  | 1,954 |
|  | 388 |  | 394 |  | 698 |  | 599 |
|  | 84,609 |  | 65,340 |  | 163,483 |  | 128,662 |
|  | 71,061 |  | 55,150 |  | 135, 061 |  | 108,823 |
|  | 13,548 |  | 10,190 |  | 28,422 |  | 19,839 |
|  | 9,882 |  | 7,610 |  | 21,784 |  | 15, 082 |
|  | 588 |  | 415 |  | 1,134 |  | 835 |
|  | 3,078 |  | 2,165 |  | 5,504 |  | 3,922 |
|  | 1,072 |  | 637 |  | 2,046 |  | 1,229 |
|  | - 0 |  | 74 |  | - 0 |  | 113 |
|  | 2,006 |  | 1,454 |  | 3,458 |  | 2,580 |
|  | 400 |  | - 0 - |  | 400 |  | - 0 |
|  | 1,606 |  | 1,454 |  | 3,058 |  | 2,580 |
|  | - 0 |  | 1 |  | - 0 |  | (224) |
|  | - 0 |  | - 0 - |  | - 0 |  | 1,785 |
| \$ | 1,606 | \$ | 1,455 | \$ | 3, 058 | \$ | 4,141 |
| \$ | 2,006 | \$ | 1,454 | \$ | 3,458 | \$ | 2,580 |
|  | 762 |  | 552 |  | 1,314 |  | 980 |
| \$ | 1,244 | \$ | 902 | \$ | 2,144 | \$ | 1,600 |
| \$ | . 26 | \$ | . 21 | \$ | . 47 | \$ | . 37 |
|  | 4,758 |  | 4,297 |  | 4,528 |  | 4,297 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements.
(in thousands - unaudited)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:
Net income from continuing operations
Adjustments to reconcile net income to cash provided
by (used in) continuing operations
Depreciation and amortization
Provision for deferred income tax expense
Minority interest
Change in receivables
Change in inventories
Change in other current assets
Change in accounts payable
Change in accrued liabilities
Net cash provided by (used in) continuing operations
Net cash provided by (used in) discontinued operations
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:
Acquisition of property and equipment
Proceeds from the sale of property and equipment
Proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations
Change in other assets
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:
Proceeds from the sale of common stock
Proceeds from notes payable
Principal payments on notes payable
Draws (payments) on floor plan financing, net
Draws (payments) on line of credit, net
Dividends paid
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities
NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH
AND CASH EQUIVALENTS
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - BEGINNING OF YEAR
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS - END OF PERIOD
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF CASH FLOW
INFORMATION:
Cash paid during year for interest

SIX MONTHS ENDED
JUNE 30,

1996
1995

| \$ | 3,058 | \$ | 2,580 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1,134 |  | 835 |
|  | 325 |  | - 0 - |
|  | - 0 - |  | 113 |
|  | 1,847 |  | (460) |
|  | $(2,744)$ |  | $(3,168)$ |
|  | (55) |  | (70) |
|  | (572) |  | 595 |
|  | $(1,701)$ |  | $(2,437)$ |
|  | 1,292 |  | $(2,012)$ |
|  | - 0 - |  | 785 |
|  | 1,292 |  | $(1,227)$ |
|  | $(4,601)$ |  | $(1,730)$ |
|  | 554 |  | 851 |
|  | - 0 - |  | 3,601 |
|  | (258) |  | (8) |
|  | $(4,305)$ |  | 2,714 |
|  | 31,303 |  | - 0 - |
|  | 2,643 |  | 2,939 |
|  | $(2,278)$ |  | $(1,596)$ |
|  | 308 |  | 1,354 |
|  | (10) |  | (840) |
|  | $(9,555)$ |  | $(2,570)$ |
|  | 22,411 |  | (713) |
|  | 19,398 |  | 774 |
|  | 2,149 |  | 851 |
| \$ | 21,547 | \$ | 1,625 |

2,034
1,401

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

## NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS <br> (UNAUDITED)

## 1 - PRINCIPLES OF CONSOLIDATION AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The interim consolidated financial statements included herein have been prepared by Rush Enterprises, Inc. and subsidiaries (collectively referred to as the "Company"), without audit, pursuant to the rules and regulations of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). All adjustments have been made to the accompanying interim consolidated financial statements which are, in the opinion of the Company's management, necessary for a fair presentation of the Company's operating results. All adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Certain information and footnote disclosures normally included in financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles have been condensed or omitted pursuant to such rules and regulations. It is recommended that these interim consolidated financial statements be read in conjunction with the combined financial statements and the notes thereto included in the Company's registration statement on Form S-1. Certain prior period amounts have been reclassified for comparative purposes.

## 2 - CORPORATE REORGANIZATION AND COMMON STOCK OFFERING

The Company successfully completed an initial public offering (the Offering) of $2,875,000$ common shares on June 12, 1996. As part of this transaction, the Company terminated its S corporation federal tax election and was subject to federal and certain state income taxes from that date forward. On June 12, 1996 the Company paid the $S$ Corporation shareholder $\$ 6.5$ million representing the undistributed accumulated earnings of the S Corporation prior to June 12, 1996.

Following the Offering there were 6,625,000 common shares outstanding, including 3,750,000 owned by the shareholder of the predecessor S Corporation.

As part of the reorganization, the Company acquired as a wholly-owned subsidiary a managing general agent (the "MGA") to manage all of the operations of Associated Acceptance, Inc. ("AA"). The MGA is responsible for funding the operations of AA, directing the use of AA's assets, and incurring liabilities on AA's behalf in exchange for the MGA receiving any and all net income of AA. W. Marvin Rush, the sole shareholder of AA, is prohibited from the sale or transfer of the capital stock of AA under the MGA agreement, except as designated by the Company. Therefore, the financial position and operations of AA have been included as part of the Company's consolidated financial position and results of operations.

## 3 - DEFERRED FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

Effective with the corporate reorganization on June 12, 1996 (see Note 2), the Company adopted the provisions of Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 109, "Accounting for Income Taxes" (SFAS 109). SFAS 109 requires recognition of deferred tax liabilities and assets for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in a company's financial statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax liabilities and assets are determined based on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities using currently enacted tax rates in effect for the years in which the differences are expected to reverse.

As a result of adopting SFAS 109, the Company reported Deferred Income Tax Expense of $\$ 325,000$ in the quarter ended June 30 , 1996. The tax effects of the temporary differences that gave rise to this expense are summarized below:

|  | June 30, 199 <br> (in thousan |
| :--- | ---: |
| Deferred tax assets - book expense |  |
| provisions in excess of tax |  |
| Deferred tax liabilities - tax |  |
| depreciation and amortization |  |
| in excess of book | $\$ 596$ |
| Net deferred tax liability | 921 |

The Company did not record any valuation allowances against the deferred income tax assets at June 30, 1996.

Pro Forma Income From Continuing Operations and Income From Continuing Operations Per Share (Unaudited)

Pro forma income from continuing operations and pro forma income from continuing operations per share for the three and six months ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, have been determined assuming that the Company had been taxed as a C corporation for federal and certain state income tax purposes for such periods.

Pro forma income from continuing operations per share had been computed using the weighted average number of common shares outstanding of Rush Enterprises, Inc. Weighted average common shares for all periods presented prior to the Offering have been increased by 547,400 shares to reflect the number of shares that would have to be sold at the offering price per share which would be necessary to repay an approximate $\$ 6,000,000$ distribution of undistributed S corporation earnings.

The pro forma effect of the retirement of debt of approximately $\$ 900,000$ on pro forma income from continuing operations per share would be immaterial. Thus, the Company has not presented supplemental pro forma income from continuing operations per share data.

## 5 - PUBLIC OFFERING PROCEEDS

The following shows the disposition of cash received from the Company's public offering.

|  | (in thousands) |
| :--- | ---: |
| Cash and short-term investments | $\$ 24,124$ |
| Payment of undistributed subchapter S |  |
| corporation earnings to subchapter S |  |
| shareholder | 6,500 |
| Payment of public offering expenses | 781 |
| Payoffs of long-term debt | 680 |
| Offering proceeds - net of underwriting costs | $\mathbf{- N 2 , 0 8 5}$ |

The Company indicated in its registration statement on Form S-1 that it intended to use a portion of the Offering proceeds to pay off approximately $\$ 4.4$ million of debt. Following the Offering, the Company was able to renegotiate lower interest rates on $\$ 3.5$ million of debt, and thus did not pay off the entire intended amount. Cash reserves will be invested until required for general corporate purposes, including working capital, funds for opening of additional locations and strategic acquisitions

ITEM 2. MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following comments should be read in conjunction with the Company's consolidated financial statements and related notes included elsewhere in this quarterly report on Form 10-Q.

GENERAL
Rush Enterprises operates a regional network of truck centers that provide an integrated one-stop source for the trucking needs of its customers, including retail sales of new Peterbilt and used heavy-duty trucks; parts, service and body shop facilities; and a wide array of financial services, including the financing of new and used truck purchases, insurance products and truck leasing and rentals.

In February 1994, the Company purchased the assets of Engs Motor Truck Company ("Engs"), which consisted of three full-service Peterbilt dealerships located in Pico Rivera, Fontana and Ventura, California, and a parts store located in Sun Valley, California. As part of the Company's acquisition strategy, the Company closed the Ventura facility in August 1994, consolidating its operations into the remaining facilities.

In March 1995, the Company sold an automobile dealership in San Antonio, Texas. The financial results of this business are presented in the financial statements for the six months ended June 30, 1995, as "discontinued operations".

In December 1995, the Company acquired the assets of Kerr Consolidated, Inc., which consisted of a full-service Peterbilt dealership and stand-alone leasing facility in Oklahoma City, Oklahoma, and a full-service Peterbilt dealership in Tulsa, Oklahoma.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following discussion and analysis includes the Company's historical results of operations for the three months and six months ended June 30, 1995 and 1996, without giving effect to pro forma results of operations for the Company's Oklahoma and California operations acquired in December 1995 and February 1994, respectively, except as expressly indicated.

The following table sets forth for the periods indicated certain financial data as a percentage of total revenues:
Six Months
Ended
June
$30, ~$

## Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately $\$ 19.3$ million, or $29.5 \%$ from $\$ 65.3$ million to $\$ 84.6$ million from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996. This increase was principally a result of the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. In addition, slight gains were achieved in parts and service, lease and rental, and finance and insurance operations at the Company's other locations.

Sales of new and used trucks increased by approximately $\$ 15.2$ million, or $31.8 \%$, from $\$ 48.0$ million to $\$ 63.2$ million from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996. The acquisition of the Oklahoma operations contributed $\$ 9.0$ million of new and used truck sales, which supplemented an increase in new and used truck sales of $\$ 6.2$ million at the Company's other operations. Unit sales of new and used trucks increased by $16.9 \%$ and decreased by $8.1 \%$, respectively, from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996, while new truck average revenue per unit increased by $12.6 \%$ and used truck average revenue per unit decreased by $40.5 \%$. All but $1.9 \%$ of the growth in new truck unit sales was attributable to the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations. Incremental used truck sales from the Oklahoma acquisition partially offset sales declines at the Company's San Antonio and Houston, Texas operations. New truck prices increased at a rate slightly higher than inflation, and used truck prices decreased due to an oversupply of used trucks in the market.

Parts and service sales increased by approximately $\$ 2.5$ million, or $17.9 \%$, from $\$ 13.7$ million to $\$ 16.2$ million primarily as a result of the inclusion of the Oklahoma operations. The remaining increase was due to the addition of 18 service and body shop bays during 1995 at the Company's facilities in San Antonio, Texas (10), Lufkin, Texas (6) and Fontana, California (2).

Lease and rental revenues increased by approximately $\$ 1.1$ million, or 47.1\%, from $\$ 2.4$ million to $\$ 3.5$ million, primarily as a result of the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma lease and rental operations in December 1995.

Finance and insurance revenues increased by approximately $\$ 476,000$, or 52.1\%, from $\$ 913,000$ to $\$ 1.4$ million from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996. The majority of the increase resulted from lower borrowing costs, with the balance of the increase resulting from the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. Finance and insurance revenues have limited direct costs and, therefore, contribute a disproportionate share of operating profits.

## Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by approximately $\$ 3.4$ million, or $33.0 \%$, from $\$ 10.2$ million to $\$ 13.5$ million from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996, primarily due to the increase in revenues from the Oklahoma operations. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased from $15.6 \%$ to $16.0 \%$ from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996. The net increase in gross margins resulted from lower gross margins on new truck sales being more than offset by higher gross margins from parts, service and body shop operations.

Selling, General and Administrative Expenses
Selling, general and administrative expenses increased by approximately $\$ 2.3$ million, from $\$ 7.6$ million to $\$ 9.9$ million, or $29.9 \%$, from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996. The majority of the increase resulted from the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. Most of the remaining increase was due to increased truck sales commissions. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue were $11.7 \%$ for the second quarter of 1996 and $11.6 \%$ for the same quarter of 1995.

## Interest Expense

Interest expense increased by approximately $\$ 435,000$ from $\$ 637,000$ to $\$ 1.1$ million, or $68.3 \%$, from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996, primarily as the result of increased levels of floor plan financing associated with higher inventory levels at all locations and additional inventories associated with the inclusion of the Company's Oklahoma operations acquired in December 1995, and to a lesser extent from increases in interest rates on the Company's variable-rate borrowings and higher average outstanding debt balances

Income from continuing operations increased by $\$ 552,000$, or $38.0 \%$ from $\$ 1.5$ million to $\$ 2.0$ million from the second quarter of 1995 to the second quarter of 1996, as a result of the factors described above.

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1996 COMPARED TO SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30, 1995

## Revenues

Revenues increased by approximately $\$ 34.8$ million, or $27.1 \%$ from $\$ 128.7$ million to $\$ 163.5$ million from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996. This increase was principally a result of the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. In addition, slight gains were achieved in parts and service, lease and rental, and finance and insurance operations at the Company's other locations.

Sales of new and used trucks increased by approximately $\$ 25.9$ million, or $27.1 \%$, from $\$ 95.5$ million to $\$ 121.3$ million from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996. The acquisition of the Oklahoma operations contributed $\$ 20.4$ million of new and used truck sales, which supplemented an increase in new and used truck sales of $\$ 5.5$ million at the Company's other operations. Unit sales of new and used trucks increased by $15.8 \%$ and $14.0 \%$ respectively, from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996, while new and used truck average revenue per unit increased by $9.0 \%$ and $13.9 \%$ respectively. All of the growth in new and used truck unit sales was attributable to the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations. New truck prices increased at a rate slightly higher than inflation, and used truck prices decreased due to an oversupply of used trucks in the market.

Parts and service sales increased by approximately $\$ 5.9$ million, or $22.6 \%$, from $\$ 26.1$ million to $\$ 32.0$ million primarily as a result of the inclusion of the Oklahoma operations. The remaining increase was due to the addition of 18 service and body shop bays during 1995 at the Company's facilities in San Antonio, Texas (10), Lufkin, Texas (6) and Fontana, California (2)

Lease and rental revenues increased by approximately $\$ 2.1$ million, or $45.3 \%$, from $\$ 4.6$ million to $\$ 6.6$ million, primarily as the result of the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma lease and rental operations in December 1995.

Finance and insurance revenues increased by approximately $\$ 921,000$, or 47.1\%, from $\$ 2.0$ million to $\$ 2.9$ million from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996. The majority of the increase resulted from lower borrowing costs, with the balance of the increase resulting from the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. Finance and insurance revenues have limited direct costs and, therefore, contribute a disproportionate share of operating profits.

## Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by approximately $\$ 8.6$ million, or $43.3 \%$ from $\$ 19.8$ million to $\$ 28.4$ million from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996, primarily due to the increase in revenues from the Oklahoma operations. Gross profit as a percentage of sales increased from $15.4 \%$ to $17.4 \%$ from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996. The net increase in gross margins resulted from lower gross margins on new truck sales being offset by higher gross margins from parts, service and body shop operations.

## Selling, General and Administrative Expenses

Selling, general, and administrative expenses increased by approximately $\$ 6.7$ million, from $\$ 15.1$ million to $\$ 21.8$ million, or $44.4 \%$ from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996. The majority of the increase resulted from the acquisition of the Company's Oklahoma operations in December 1995. Most of the remaining increase was due to increased truck sales commissions. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percent of revenue were $13.3 \%$ for the first half of 1996 and $11.7 \%$ for the same period of 1995.

Interest expense increased by approximately $\$ 817,000$ from $\$ 1.2$ million to $\$ 2.0$ million, or $66.5 \%$, from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996, primarily as the result of increased levels of floor plan financing associated with higher inventory levels at all locations and additional inventories associated with the inclusion of the Company's Oklahoma operations acquired in December 1995, and to a lesser extent from increases in interest rates on the Company's variable-rate borrowings and higher average outstanding debt balances.

Income from Continuing Operations
Income from continuing operations increased by \$878,000, or $34.0 \%$ from $\$ 2.6$ million to $\$ 3.5$ million from the first six months of 1995 to the first six months of 1996, as a result of the factors described above.

## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

The Company's short-term cash needs are primarily for working capital, including inventory requirements, expansion of existing facilities and acquisitions of new facilities. These short-term cash needs have historically been financed with retention of profits and borrowings under credit facilities available to the Company.

In June 1996, the Company completed the initial public offering of $2,875,000$ shares of common stock and received net proceeds of approximately $\$ 32.1$ million. As a result of the initial public offering, working capital levels have generally increased. At June 30, 1996, the Company had working capital of approximately $\$ 24.3$ million, including $\$ 21.5$ million in cash and cash equivalents, $\$ 14.6$ million in accounts receivable and $\$ 39.3$ million in inventories, less $\$ 12.9$ million of accounts payable and accrued expenses, $\$ 3.7$ million of current maturities on long-term debt and $\$ 4.6$ million outstanding under floor plan financing. The aggregate maximum borrowing limits under working capital lines of credit with various commercial banks are approximately $\$ 6.0$ million. The Company's floor plan agreements with its primary lender limit the aggregate amount of borrowings based on the number of new and used trucks. As of June 30, 1996, the Company's floor plan arrangements permit the financing of up to 692 new trucks and 283 used trucks.

For the first six months of 1995, operating activities resulted in net cash used in operations of approximately $\$ 1.2$ million. The use of cash in operations was primarily due to higher levels of inventories.

For the first six months of 1996, operating activities provided \$1.3 million of cash. Net income of $\$ 3.1$ million, a decrease in accounts receivable of $\$ 1.8$ million and provisions for depreciation, amortization, and deferred taxes totaling $\$ 1.5$ million more than offset increases in inventories of $\$ 2.7$ million and accounts payable and accrued liabilities of $\$ 2.7$ million.

During the first six months of 1995, the Company generated $\$ 2.7$ million of net cash in investing activities, as capital expenditures of $\$ 1.7$ million were more than offset by the proceeds from the sale of discontinued operations of $\$ 3.6$ million.

During the first six months of 1996, the Company used $\$ 4.3$ million for investing activities, primarily acquisitions of real estate related to the Oklahoma operations.

Net cash used in financing activities in the first half of 1995 amounted to $\$ 713,000$. Proceeds from increased notes payable and additional floor plan financing were more than offset by higher dividends to the S corporation shareholder.

For the first half of 1996, net cash provided by financing activities amounted to $\$ 22.4$ million. Net proceeds from the Offering of $\$ 31.3$ million, after direct expenses of the Offering of $\$ 781,000$, were partially offset by an increase of $\$ 9.6$ million in dividends paid to the $S$ corporation shareholder.

During 1995, the Company arranged financing for approximately $25 \%$ of its total new and used truck sales, with approximately $65 \%$ related to new truck sales and the remaining $35 \%$ of financing related to used truck sales. The Company's new and used truck financing is typically provided through Associates and PACCAR Financial. The Company financed approximately $\$ 53.2$ million of new and used truck purchases in 1995. The Company's contracts with Associates and PACCAR Financial provide for payment to the Company of all finance charges in excess of a negotiated discount rate within 30 days of the date of financing, with such payments subject to offsets resulting from the early pay-off, or defaults under, of installment contracts previously sold to Associates and PACCAR Financial by the Company. The Company's agreements with Associates and PACCAR Financial limit the aggregate liability of the Company for defaults under the installment contracts sold to Associates and PACCAR Financial to \$400,000 and \$200,000 per year, respectively.

Substantially all of the Company's truck purchases from PACCAR are made on terms requiring payment within 15 days or less form the date of shipment of the trucks from the factory. The Company finances all, or substantially all, of the purchase price of its new truck inventory, and $75 \%$ of the loan value of its used truck inventory, under a floor plan arrangement with GMAC under which GMAC pays PACCAR directly with respect to new trucks. The company makes monthly interest payments on the amount financed but is not required to commence loan principal repayments prior to sale of new vehicles to GMAC for a period of 12 months and for used vehicles for a period of three months. At June 30, 1996, the Company had $\$ 34.6$ million outstanding under its floor plan financing arrangement with GMAC. GMAC permits the Company to earn, for up to one-half of the amount borrowed under its floor plan financing arrangement with GMAC, interest at the prime rate on overnight funds deposited by the Company with GMAC. Following the Offering GMAC increased the amount of funds that the Company can earn interest at the prime rate to include one-half of the outstanding floor plan financing, real estate financing and the line of credit extended by GMAC.

## Backlogs

The Company enters firm orders into its backlog at the time the order is received. Customer orders are typically filed in 75 to 90 days and customers normally place orders on that basis. However, certain customers, including fleets and governments, typically place orders six months to one year in advance of their desired delivery date. The Company in the past has typically allowed customers to cancel orders at any time prior to delivery, and the Company's level of cancellations is affected by general economic conditions, economic recessions and customer business cycles. As a percentage of orders, cancellations historically have ranged from $5 \%$ to $12 \%$ of annual order volume. The Company's backlogs as of June 30, 1995 and June 30, 1996, were approximately $\$ 90.0$ million and $\$ 92.0$ million, respectively. Backlogs increased principally due to higher average unit prices in 1996.

Seasonality
The Company's business is moderately seasonal. Seasonal effects on new truck sales related to the seasonal purchasing patterns of any single customer type are mitigated by the Company's diverse customer base, including small and large fleets, governments, corporations and owner operators. However, truck, parts and service operations historically have experienced higher volumes of sales in the second and third quarters. The Company has historically received benefits from volume purchases and meeting vendor sales targets in the form of cash rebates, which are typically recognized when received. Approximately $50 \%$ of such rebates are typically received in the fourth quarter, resulting in a seasonal increase in gross profit.

Cyclicality
The Company's business, as well as the entire retail heavy-duty truck industry, is dependent on a number of factors relating to general economic conditions, including fuel prices, interest rate fluctuations, economic recessions and customer business cycles. In addition, unit sales of new trucks have historically been subject to substantial cyclical variation based on such general economic conditions. Although the Company believes that its geographic expansion and diversification into truck-related services, including financial services, leasing, rentals and service and parts, will reduce the overall impact to the Company resulting from general economic conditions affecting heavy-duty truck sales, the Company's operations may be materially and adversely affected by any continuation or renewal of general downward economic pressures or adverse cyclical trends.

## Effects of Inflation

The Company believes that the relatively moderate inflation over the last few years has not had a significant impact on the Company's revenue or profitability. The company does not expect inflation to have any near-term material effect on the sales of its products, although there can be no assurance that such an effect will not occur in the future.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

## Item 1. Legal Proceedings

None
Item 2. Changes in Securities
None

Item 3. Defaults upon Senior Securities
None
Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders
None
Item 5. Other Information

None
Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
a) Exhibits

Exhibit Number
11.1 Computation of pro forma earnings per share
27.1 Financial data schedule
b) Reports on Form 8-K

None

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

RUSH ENTERPRISES, INC.

Date: August 14, 1996

Date: August 14, 1996

By: /s/ W. MARVIN RUSH
Name: W. Marvin Rush
Title: Chairman and Chief
Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: /s/ D. JEFFERY MICHELL
Name: D. Jeffery Michell
Title: Vice President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

EXHIBIT
NUMBER

## DESCRIPTION

11.1 Computation of pro forma earnings per share
27.1 Financial Data Schedule

COMPUTATION OF NET INCOME AND PRO FORMA EARNINGS PER SHARE
(in thousands, except per share amounts - unaudited)

PRIMARY EARNINGS PER SHARE CALCULATION

Income from continuing operations
Income from discontinued operations

Net income

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding
Weighted average number of common share equivalents applicable to stock options

Common shares and common share equivalents

Earnings per share - Primary
From continuing operations
From discontinued operations

Net income

FULLY-DILUTED EARNINGS PER SHARE CALCULATION
Income from continuing operations
Income from discontinued operations

Net income

Weighted average number of common shares outstanding
Weighted average number of common share equivalents applicable to stock options

Common shares and common share equivalents

Earnings per share - Fully diluted (1)
From continuing operations
From discontinued operations

Net income

THREE MONTHS ENDED
JUNE 30,
$-----------------------1995 ~$

SIX MONTHS ENDED JUNE 30,

1996

1995
\$ 3,058

\$ 3,058
\$ 1,455
$\begin{array}{rr}4,319 & 3,750 \\ -0- & -0-\end{array}$
4,319
=========
\$
\$ -0
\$ . 37
$========$
\$ 1,454
\$ 1,606 $=========$
, 319
$========$
\$ $\quad .39$
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\$
$\$ \quad .39$

\$ 1.10

| \$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,606 \\ -0 . \end{gathered}$ | \$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,454 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,058 \\ & -\quad 0- \end{aligned}$ | \$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,580 \\ & 1,561 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | 1,606 | \$ | 1,455 | \$ | 3,058 | \$ | 4,141 |
|  | 4,319 |  | 3,750 |  | 4,035 |  | 3,750 |
|  | - 0 |  | - 0 |  | - 0 |  | 0 - |
|  | 4,319 |  | 3,750 |  | 4,035 |  | 3,750 |
| \$ | . 37 | \$ | . 39 | \$ | . 76 | \$ | . 69 |
|  | 0 |  | 0 |  | - 0 |  | 41 |
| \$ | . 37 | \$ | . 39 | \$ | . 76 | \$ | 1.10 |

6-MOS
DEC-31-1996
JAN-01-1996
JUN-30-1996
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39,261
75,693
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99,705
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13,994

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99,705
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163,483
135, 061
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3, 058
${ }^{0}$
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3, 058
.76
.76

